- 1. (NC) Consider the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^y (3x^2 6x)$. Let y = f(x) be the particular solution to the differential equation that passes through (1,0).
 - (a) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of f at the point (1,0). Use the tangent line to approximate f(1.2).
 - (b) Find y = f(x), the particular solution to the differential equation that passes through (1,0).

- 2. (C) A particle moves along a straight line. For $0 \le t \le 5$, the velocity of the particle is given by $v(t) = -2 + (t^2 + 3t)^{\frac{5}{5}} t^3$, and the position of the particle is given by s(t). It is known that s(0) = 10.
 - (a) Find all values of t in the interval $2 \le t \le 4$ for which the speed of the particle is 2.
 - (b) Write an expression involving an integral that gives the position s(t). Use this expression to find the position of the particle at time t = 5.
 - (c) Find all times *t* in the interval $0 \le t \le 5$ at which the particle changes direction. Justify your answer.
 - (d) Is the speed of the particle increasing or decreasing at time t = 4? Give a reason for your answer.

3. (C) On a certain workday, the rate, in tons per hour, at which unprocessed gravel arrives at a gravel processing plant is modeled by $G(t) = 90 + 45 \cos\left(\frac{t^2}{18}\right)$, where *t* is measured in hours and $0 \le t \le 8$. At the beginning of the workday (*t* = 0), the plant has 500 tons of unprocessed gravel. During the

hours of operation, $0 \le t \le 8$, the plant processes gravel at a rate of 100 tons per hour.

- (a) Find G'(5). Using correct units, interpret your answer in the context of the problem.
- (b) Find the total amount of unprocessed gravel that arrives at the plant during the hours of operation on this workday.
- (c) Is the amount of unprocessed gravel at the plant increasing or decreasing at time t = 5 hours? Show the work that leads to your answer.
- (d) What is the maximum amount of unprocessed gravel at the plant during the hours of operation on this workday? Justify your answer.

x	f(x)	f'(x)	g(x)	g'(x)
1	-6	3	2	8
2	2	-2	-3	0
3	8	7	6	2
6	4	5	3	-1

- 4. (NC) The functions f and g have continuous second derivatives. The table above gives values of the functions and their derivatives at selected values of x.
 - (a) Let k(x) = f(g(x)). Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of k at x = 3.
 - (b) Let $h(x) = \frac{g(x)}{f(x)}$. Find h'(1).
 - (c) Evaluate $\int_1^3 f''(2x) dx$.

5. (C) The rate at which rainwater flows into a drainpipe is modeled by the function R, where

 $R(t) = 20\sin\left(\frac{t^2}{35}\right)$ cubic feet per hour, t is measured in hours, and $0 \le t \le 8$. The pipe is partially

blocked, allowing water to drain out the other end of the pipe at a rate modeled by $D(t) = -0.04t^3 + 0.4t^2 + 0.96t$ cubic feet per hour, for $0 \le t \le 8$. There are 30 cubic feet of water in the pipe at time t = 0.

- (a) How many cubic feet of rainwater flow into the pipe during the 8-hour time interval $0 \le t \le 8$?
- (b) Is the amount of water in the pipe increasing or decreasing at time t = 3 hours? Give a reason for your answer.
- (c) At what time t, $0 \le t \le 8$, is the amount of water in the pipe at a minimum? Justify your answer.
- (d) The pipe can hold 50 cubic feet of water before overflowing. For t > 8, water continues to flow into and out of the pipe at the given rates until the pipe begins to overflow. Write, but do not solve, an equation involving one or more integrals that gives the time *w* when the pipe will begin to overflow.

- 6. (NC) Consider the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2}{x-1}$.
 - (a) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the six points indicated.



- (b) Let y = f(x) be the particular solution to the given differential equation with the initial condition f(2) = 3. Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of y = f(x) at x = 2. Use your equation to approximate f(2.1).
- (c) Find the particular solution y = f(x) to the given differential equation with the initial condition f(2) = 3.